


Medium For Existing of Matter in Nature

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By medium for existing of matter in Nature we understand physical vacuum which is a category determining all spheres of matter “life” (from particles of microworld to gravitational interactions in the Universe). Matter can not exist without this medium. Thus a question emerges, viz: how physical science can be developed without taking this fundamental aspect into consideration?

According to the Einstein postulate, in a void light always propagates with limited speed, which does not depend on the motion mode of a radiating body. It is a statement of deep physical sense which lies in the fact that only some physical medium can possess such a property. Indeed, if velocity of light, which was radiated by a body, further does not depend on speed of this body then it is possible only in a certain medium. For example, in air sound propagates with a certain speed which does not depend on the speed of the source and is determined only by density and volume elasticity of air. Thus, according to the Einstein postulate, there is a physical medium instead of void and velocity of light depends on the parameters of this medium (as is well known, velocity of light is equal to the square root from the product of inverse values of electrical and magnetic conductivity of vacuum).

The author of this article made an attempt to research this physical medium [1]. The author used a well-known experimental fact that at interaction of a photon with a charged real particle this photon transforms to electron-positron pair. Besides, it was taken into consideration that photon is an electromagnetic phenomenon. The research allows the following conclusion: the medium named in physics as vacuum (before the XX century it was called aether) is created by electric dipoles from (+) and (-) elementary charges. These dipoles are surrounded by magnetic (mass) continuum. There were determined dipole intervals, elasticity of decompression and ultimate strength of this interval. What does this model of medium mean?

1. This model is a physical validating for the “birth” of electron-positron pair at energy which is necessary to break dipole and create the “clot” of mass of

these two particles. A certain model for the “birth” of mass must exist. It is not clear as yet but can be represented as a vortex of magnetic continuum inside the charge shell of electron and positron.

2. Let us suggest that values of (+) and (-) charges differ at 7.848981×10^{41} Coulomb, then this difference is sufficient for the medium to be a source of gravitation and inertia. According to Newton’s law of gravity, a weak electric charge of medium (all material bodies exist in this medium) causes all bodies to attract one another (under Coulomb’s law). On the other hand, weak medium charge of a like sign creates repulsive forces which manifest themselves in the form of the expanding Universe. Thus it becomes clear the amazing uniformity of gravity and forces of negative pressure for the Universe. The mentioned difference of values of (+) and (-) charges of medium dipoles is not used as arbitrary parameter but it logically follows from its electrical structure [2].

3. Hypothesis of nature of gravitation is confirmed by calculations of the deflection angle of electric waves by the Sun. Calculated angle differs from the experimental value only in the fifth sign, which depends on the accuracy of several physical values used in calculation formula. There is practically an absolute coincidence with Einstein’s theory. The difference is that it is a concept of space and time (i.e. geometry) which prevails in the general theory of relativity while in the nature of gravitation physical basing is used. Velocity of light is unstable and determined by medium state which depends on electric, magnetic and gravitational potentials.

4. The existence of “black holes” relates to medium structure and nature of gravitation. At the edge of “black holes” the ultimate acceleration from gravity is realized. It causes breakdown of connections in electric dipoles of medium, creation of matter and antimatter (the so called “evaporation” of black holes which was theoretically predicted by E. Hoking, England). However at the border of a black hole the velocity of light is equal to zero since its propagation

medium disappears. According to Einstein's theory it is such a deceleration of time that electromagnetic oscillations gain zero frequency.

5. Naturally the medium is a carrier of all types of electromagnetic radiation, beginning at stationary electric voltage and ending with super-high-frequency "photons", which can be determined not as electromagnetic but as magnetoelectric phenomenon. In the latter case magnetic continuum of medium has a crucial importance since it determines very small degrees of magnetoelectric disturbance. These degrees are thousands of times less than those of a hydrogen atom. It is reasonable that such small degrees creates illusion that a photon possesses properties of particles.

6. Medium structure directly leads to the notions of Quantum Mechanics, beginning at quantification of electronic "orbits" in atoms. This medium determines the "allowed" spots for electrons to be placed around a nucleus. Thus medium is a necessary place for the existence of all matter or matter of the Universe. The so called Compton length of electron wave is one of the validations of this statement. It is directly calculated to a high accuracy according to electric structure of vacuum.

7. Thus Plank's constant is not a mysterious "quantum of action", on the contrary it is entirely determined by medium parameters. Thereby the crisis (which conventional physics is accused of) can be logically overcome by the introduction of medium which is capable to take radiation in electromagnetic region only by quanta. Plank's constant is always presented at all quantum approaches. It is additional evidence in favor of the necessity to take into account the medium as natural place for existence of all the matter in Nature.

8. It is still a question what processes take place in the centers of galaxies. The observations show that the centers of galaxies create star matter. They often flow out the centers and settle themselves at approximately the same plane. It is an evidence of the fact that centers of galaxies quickly rotate and the favorable conditions for stars to reject matter are created. Similarly planetary systems are created around the rotating stars. It is thought that centers of galaxies are gigantic black holes. In the context of the concept of medium for matter existence it can be set up a hypothesis that being at some special state the medium creates stellar systems, i.e. galaxies.

9. Astrophysicists more and more trend to accept the existence of unknown "dark" matter, which occupies approximately 70% of all matter. It is said that due to antigravitation property this dark matter is responsible for the expansion of the Universe. Hypothesis on the nature of gravitation gives the affirmative replies to such suggestions as: expansion of the Universe is caused by weak electric charge of the medium and distributed mass of magnetic continuum is the very dark matter.

10. All elementary particles (electrons, positrons, mesons, protons, neutrons etc.) are in the medium and interact with it. In the case of electrons and positrons this interaction causes the great extension of dipoles of medium which directly adjoins to borders of particles. This extension helps photons to break the particles. In case of protons, there is such a breakdown of the medium at their borders that protons turn to be dressed in "coats" of virtual electrons and positrons. And medium is shown to be in entire state only when reaching the first Bohr orbit. This interaction of the medium and particles leads to the factors which determine the life time of some of them. Thus life time of a neutron is up to 30 minutes depending on the state which it has while leaving the nucleus. For mesons "the tearing" Coulomb forces, which exist between the medium and particles, are very powerful that makes the life time of mesons very short. However if the particles moves with a high speed relatively to the medium, then these forces noticeably decrease and if the speeds of motion is close to velocity of light then these forces become very small. The life time of such particles noticeably increases. In Einstein's theory it is said about "deceleration" of time. Finally the life time of particles is determined by the inner steadiness and outer influence of the medium. Protons have fantastic binding energy and they cause such great external destructive effect that their life time becomes immense.

11. When particles move in medium with high speeds, there is a concentration of magnetic continuum which is recognized as increase of mass of particles at increase of their speed. Evidently, we can continue the list of physical phenomena which relate to the presence of medium for existing of matter in Nature. However it seems to be enough to admit that medium (physical vacuum, aether) is of a great importance for the very existence of the Universe and for the processes which take place there. "Mechanism" of gravitation and inertia has a special importance since

it is the only thing which can make clear the real mechanism of Nature. It is possible that the methodology, which is accepted in physics, is necessary for more accurate description of phenomena but it is not enough for understanding of the nature of "space" and matter. Research of the medium for existing of matter will be able to meet the conditions sufficiency.

The understanding of vacuum structure, which is created by electric lattice from charge dipoles, surrounded with magnetic continuum, gives an opportunity to control the forces of gravitation and inertia. The medium of vacuum can be influenced by:

1. The radiation which has frequencies coming to the frequency from point #11 of the list of parameters.
2. Electric voltages which exist in vacuum (it is not

- very promising because of real matter breakdown).
3. Magnetic intensities (magnetic flux density). It is the most promising influence method (1-10 Tesla is enough to compensate terrestrial gravity).
4. Transformations of low accelerations to high accelerations of impact type.

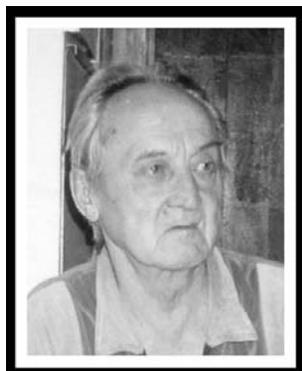
Potential electric and magnetic energy is immense in vacuum medium. Reasoning from energy of one dipole, which is equal to 1.6×10^{-13} Joule, we will derive the value of electric energy equal to about 10^{+31} Joule per one cubic meter of the medium that is equivalent to mass annihilation of 10^{+15} kg!

References

1. Rykov A.V. Foundations of aether theory// RAS, M., 2000, p. 54
2. Rykov A.V. Hypothesis on the nature of gravitation// MSU, M., 2001, pp. 59-63

Spartak M. Polyakov

(09 January, 1931 – 04 June, 2003)



Spartak M. Polyakov, a legendary physicist-experimentalist, known for his research in the field of gravitation, has died. Polyakov was the author of more than 50 research works, among them "Introduction into experimental gravitonics». Polyakov was the creator of the new model of photon. He also conducted numerous research in the field of electrostatics, gravitational phenomena and superlight connection.

Spartak M. Polyakov graduated from Kishinev State University with degree in "General Physics". For many years he worked at the top secret military engineering department "Istok" (Russia).

Polyakov's alternative physical theory allows explaining such phenomena as magnetostriction and optical magnetization. The basic postulate of this theory states that the speed of propagation of gravitational waves is dozens of times faster than velocity of light regarded by the traditional science as the limit. In his experiments Polyakov demonstrated such methods of generation of gravitational waves as precession of gyroscope and remagnetization of ferromagnetic.

While working for "Istok", Polyakov designed on his own a device which is possibly the first gravitational motor in history. Total specific thrust produced by rotation of gravitating mass comes to 2.5 kg/kWt. This index is close to that produced by the engines of modern helicopters, which is equal to 8 kg/kWt. Practical application and further development of Polyakov's ideas can provide humanity with new kinds of communication, gravitational engines and free energy devices.

